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[No. 26.]

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U. S. District Attorney for Arizona.
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
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Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory.

Shaving Saloon!
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WORK IN THE BEST STYLES AT
reasonable rates, such as
Shaving,
Shampooing,
Hair Cutting.
Best Day run used.
117 SAM'L BOSTICK.

PIONEER NEWS DEPOT
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THE LATEST NEWSPAPERS, PERI-
odicals, Magazines and Novels.
Also, a fine assortment of
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Etc.,
constantly on hand.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

1st Importers of Fresh Garden Seeds.

1st Highest prices paid for Soldiers' Final Statements and Government Vouchers.

APACHES IN SONORA.

Gov. Pesqueira to Gov. Safford.—Official Record of Apache Murders and Thefts in Sonora from October to March.—Letter from the Prefect of Altar.

DELICIAS, SONORA, March 14, 1873.

To the Hon. A. P. K. Safford, Governor of Arizona Territory, Tucson, A. T. Dear Sir: I have received your favor dated February 10, and with it the testimony of the sincere interest which you and General Crook manifest in calling the attention of the general government to the fatal consequences caused by the treaty of peace between General Howard and the Indian Chachis. It is no longer doubtful that all the depredations committed in our midst since October, proceed from the reservation of the "Ojos Salados" (Salt Springs), as you will see in the review of the facts, which I have the honor to transmit herewith, and which is a true extract of the official statements as referred to in the "Star of the West," without making mention of the doubtful facts which have not properly come to the knowledge of the authorities, and which are therefore not well authenticated. I transmit, also, a copy of a communication from the prefect of Altar, which I have this moment received.

From a communication of General Crook, dated January 9, I was led to hope that he would compel the Indians on Cachise's reservation to draw back from the borders of this State; but in his last letter dated February 9, he informs me that he has met with difficulties not previously known to him, which compel him to wait for instructions from the general government.

I am much obliged to Gen. Crook and to your honor, for the pains you take in bringing our disagreeable position in which the privileges conceded to Cachise by Gen. Howard have placed us, to the knowledge of your government, and I hope that as soon as General Crook will have obtained permission to act according to his intentions, our calamities will greatly diminish. Yours most respectfully,

I. PESQUEIRA.

Review of the murders and thefts committed by the Apaches since October 1872 to the 7th of March 1873, taken from the official statements as referred to in "The Star of the West" in its numbers from 320 to 340.

District of Sahuaripa. In No. 320. In the glen of Bavitacora, the Apaches murdered John Salcedo, Nicholas (female) Valdez and the latter's daughter. At the ranch Bajori they murdered Julius Coronado and Guadalupe Aguayo and wounded Jesus M. Guerrero.

District of Altar. In No. 321. At Saucito they killed a woman, while a man and a child, going to the Planchas, got away in safety. In the Chile mountains, they killed Vincent Padilla, an inhabitant of Sarico.

In No. 322. Under the title "Fiendish Treachery," a letter dated in Tucson in the commencement of October, speaks of a treaty of peace agreed upon between General Howard and Cachise. It is not said that this General has guaranteed to the tribe of Chis or Cachise the permission to make war upon Sonora, but I assure you that he pointed it out to him through a reservation whose lands are situated on the borders of this State and your Territory. From those hostile measures (steps) have resulted, without a doubt, the daily occurring misfortunes, in a moment, too, when we thought to be somewhat relieved from those barbarous depredations.

District of Ures. In No. 323. On the 30th of October, seven Apaches attacked the carts of Mr. Lorenzo Moreno and others, stealing of the loads what they could take off, killing one of the teamsters and wounding another.

District of Magdalena. In No. 326. In San Ignacio, they stole six horses and killed two oxen and a donkey. In Imuris they stole several animals and killed a mare.

District of Arizpe. In No. 328. The Apaches made off with a herd of horses and mules, but the national guard succeeded in recovering from them in the timber mountains, eight horses and two mules.

Dis-

thirteen donkeys at "Yellow Points."

District of Altar. In No. 330. The Apaches stole fifteen animals from the fields of Tubutama and killed one head of cattle at Santa Cruz.

District of Ures. In the night of the seventh of December, the Indians stole eleven horses from the ranches at San Pedro.

Number 333 refers to the Apaches having killed three head of cattle at Jacori in the District of Montezuma; also that in the District of Ures, on January 30, that the Apaches killed Sylvestre Montano, Francisco Hierro and Rafael Gavino in the Canales Ancha—a wide glen.

District of Hermosillo. In No. 334. The Apaches killed, at Tecolote (owl) ranch Francisco Rodriguez; also in District of Ures, at the "water tanks," they killed four men and wounded another, and at Duraznil (peach orchard), killed Mr. Paul Valencia and Mr. Ferdinand Vajar.

In No. 235. On the 27th of January, they stole the horses from the hacienda of San Felipe; also in the District of Sahuaripa, the Apaches left Tisachi with plunder.

District of Ures. In No. 336. At the "water tanks" they killed Victor Romo; also at the "stone house," killed Susan Valenzuela and her husband; also at Calera, killed John Martinez; and at the Pocositos killed Susan Ortega and Trinidad Lopez. And in the District of Magdalena, they killed a cow at Santa Cruz.

District of Ures. In No. 337. At the "Casita," a man named Agustin was killed by Apaches who also drove away a considerable quantity of cattle to the Ranchoito. At Lo de Cruz (Rayon), they wounded a man from Opodepe and afterwards his comrade was found dead. In District of Arizpe, the Apaches stole two animals from the fields of Huepac.

District of Ures. In No. 338. Apaches stole the herd of horses from the hacienda of San Pedro. District of Arizpe. At Bacochi, they killed Romulo Feliz and Timothy Laguna, and wounded Ramon Martinez. District of Magdalena. The Apaches stole from Los Pinos the horses of the prefect and others. District of Hermosillo. The Apaches stole the horses from the hacienda of "Las Lajas."

No. 339 contains the translation of an article of THE ARIZONA CITIZEN, condemning the treaty made with Cachise by General Howard. District of Ures. Near the "Villa Pesqueira," the Apaches killed Antonio Escalante. District of Arizpe. Near the glen of Los Molinos (the mill), the Apaches killed Manuel Molina and Jesus Ochoa in the field of J. Guadalupe Mendola.

The above is dated Ures, March 1, 1873, and signed Ramirez, Secretary, PREFECTURE OF THE DISTRICT OF ALTAR, ALTAR, March 5, 1873.

Under date of the 7th ultimo, the town president of Saric communicates to this prefecture that the Apaches had entered his domain; that he despatched a party of eleven national guards after them, but who could not come up with the Indians as they dispersed in the vicinity of Calabasas. During the trip they recovered two horses and found one dead ox and three wounded ones belonging to Miguel Moreno.

Under date of the 4th instant, the town president of Oquitoa communicates that at dawn of said day, the Apaches stole fifteen horses from the field of Antonio Gortazar near said place. As soon as the news of this theft reached this prefecture, I issued all available arms and ammunition to all such parties as wished to engage in pursuit of the hostile Indians, the result whereof is as yet unknown to me. The direction which the Apaches are supposed to have taken is towards Jumbo, Ocoana and Magdalena. All of which I have the honor to submit, &c., &c.

LUCAS DE LLAIN.

WASHINGTON dispatches say John T. Smith, of Tubac, has been awarded mail contracts on routes from Tubac to Monument, at \$490; Tubac to Crittenden, at \$900.

A SACRAMENTO dispatch, of March 20, says Lieutenant Thompson, of the Fifth cavalry, and 39 men, arrived there on the overland train from New Mexico, and will leave next day for Arizona.

PEACE PROSPECT BRIGHTER.

Thirty-eight More Warriors Killed and Seventeen Squaws Captured.

The Miner of March 22 has not yet come to hand, but that of the 29th contains the following inspiring news: Messengers from the troops in the field, in Tonto Basin, reached Headquarters on Wednesday evening last, with despatches from Major Brown and others.

Major Brown's command had killed fifteen warriors and captured eight women. The women said their warriors had just returned from a raid, in which they had killed three white men. This was, undoubtedly, a portion of the band which killed Swain, McDonald and Taylor.

Lieut. Woodson's command killed fifteen warriors and captured two women. Lieut. Michler's command killed five warriors and captured five women.

Captain Taylor's command killed three warriors and captured two women. The Indians are very much frightened and scattered. Quite a number have come in at Camp Verde and surrendered, unconditionally. They say that all are now desirous of surrendering. The commands are still operating in the field, and it is hoped that many surrenders will soon take place. The horses of the commands are suffering much from the epidemic and the troops are doing their work mostly on foot. They are, however, in excellent spirits. Indian allies working admirably.

White Mountain Reservation.

This Indian reserve will quite likely be reduced in accordance with the terms of the legislative memorial so as to exclude the Pueblo Viejo valley and settlement thereon. Delegate McCormick writes, on March 9, as follows to Gov. Safford:

I received the copies of memorial concerning the White Mountain Indian reservation several days after Congress adjourned. To-day I received from General Crook, a copy of a letter to Dr. Lord, approving the memorial. I think the reduction can be brought about without the action of Congress, and I will do what I can to secure it. Gen. Howard, with whom I had a long talk yesterday, said he thought there could be no objection to it, and I think I can get him to recommend it.

We surely trust Gov. McCormick will succeed in this matter, and we are convinced if any one man can effect it, he will. We are glad to note Gen. Howard's readiness to assist, for it is always much more to our mind to compliment a man for good works than to properly criticize him for the other kind.

Yuma County.

Last week's Sentinel says: March 26, the steamer Colorado cleared for Port Isabel, with following cargo: 146 tons galena ore, 12 tons silver ore, 22 tons copper ore, 236 hides, and a small lot of assorted freight.

Steamship Newbern arrived at the mouth of the river on the 25th, at 7:30 a. m. Steamer Gila and Barge No. 4, leave immediately for this point, with passengers and light freight.

For general information a letter of Gov. McCormick to Henry Fitz Gerald is published, showing that because the Arizona City Post-office is a money order office, the name could not be changed to "Yuma" by the Post-office Department until July, when the change would be made.

Yesterday morning quite a number of ladies and gentlemen were congregated at the district court rooms, to hear the sentences to be pronounced against three prisoners convicted of murder. The first to receive his sentence was Canuto Soto, for the murder of M. McCartney, which was that he shall be confined in the Territorial prison, at hard labor, for the term of 99 years. The County Jail of Yuma was designated as the Territorial prison wherein he shall serve his sentence.

The next was Manuel Fernandez, principal in the murder of M. McCartney, against whom the Jury found a verdict of murder. His sentence was that he shall be confined in the County Jail, or some other place of safety, until the 22d day of May, 1873, on which day, between the hours of 10 a. m., and 12 m. he shall be hanged by the neck until he is dead. The third and last was Que-chas, the Yuma-Mohave Indian who killed J. F. Dana, the late sheriff of this

county. In view of the peculiar circumstances attending the sad event of the death of Mr. Dana, and of the ignorance of the convict, Judge Porter was inclined to be somewhat lenient towards him, and sentenced him to be confined in the Territorial prison (Yuma county jail), at hard labor, for the term of 25 years and 3 months.

UNDER date of Yuma, March 31, Emil S. Molkow writes us that within a few days Capt. Harris and wife, Lieutenants Rodgers and Eckerson, Dr. Rust, 105 soldiers and himself would leave there for Tucson. Mr. Molkow comes to occupy the position of draughtsman in the Surveyor-General's office.

For Sale.

THE PHILADELPHIA BREWERY and Keg Saloon for sale cheap for cash. This saloon has a good run of business. mar29-2t. Z. LEVIN.

Auction Sale.

TO BE SOLD AT THE CUSTOM House, Monday, April 7, 1873, at one o'clock, p. m., one Cask of Mescal for cash in U. S. Coin. I. Q. DICKASON, By W. S. OWBY, U. S. Marshal, Deputy U. S. Marshal. ap5-1t

Dissolution of Partnership.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE DEATH of our brother Aaron, notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name and style of A. & L. ZECKENDORF, is this day dissolved. Each business will be continued by Louis Zeckendorf, the surviving partner, who will receive and receipt for all debts due the late firm, and to whom all claims against the late firm must be presented for payment.

A. & L. ZECKENDORF, per LOUIS ZECKENDORF, Tucson, March 15, 1873. 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE first Judicial District, county of Pima and Territory of Arizona, Lionel M. Jacobs vs. Philip Drachman, Ross Drachman, Isaac Goldberg, Amelia Goldberg, Francis M. Badger, Joseph Goldree, and William E. Darby, as assignees in bankruptcy of the estate of Philip Drachman and Isaac Goldberg, bankrupts, defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of the first Judicial District of the Territory in and for the county of Pima, and to me directed, by which I am required to sell the premises therein described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the plaintiff's judgment, amounting to \$5,015 62, with interest at the rate of two per cent. per month from the 22d day of March, 1873, together with costs of suit, and accruing costs and expenses of sale.

On Monday the 21st day of April, A. D., 1873, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, in front of the court-house in the town of Tucson, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, that certain lot and parcel of land situated on the east side of Main street, in the town of Tucson, in the county of Pima, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the Northeast corner of lot and running thence South 29 degrees East 95 links to a post; thence South 73 degrees West one chain, 73 1/2 links to a post; thence North 14 degrees West 70 1/2 links to a post; thence North 73 degrees, East one chain and 25 links to a post; thence North 16 1/2 degrees West 22 1/2 links to a post; thence North 73 degrees 10 minutes East 41 links to a post at place of beginning, and containing one tenth of an acre; being the premises known and marked as lot No. 4, in block No. 186 on the official map of the Village of Tucson, approved and adopted on the 26th day of June, A. D., 1872.

Also, that certain lot and parcel of land situate on the East side of court-house plaza in said town of Tucson, and described as follows: Beginning at the Northeast corner of said lot and running thence South 10 1/2 degrees East 70 links to a post; thence South 74 1/2 degrees West one chain and 64 links to a post; thence North 14 degrees West 59 links to a post; thence North 69 1/2 degrees East one chain and 72 links to the place of beginning, and containing one-tenth of an acre, being the premises known and marked as lot 7, in block 162, on the aforesaid official map, together with all and singular the improvements, crops and appurtenances unto the said lands belonging or in anywise appertaining, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the aforesaid judgment, costs and expenses of suit, and accruing costs and expenses of sale.

Tucson, A. T., this 25th day of March, A. D., 1873.

W. H. B. GUNN, Sheriff of Pima County.

OLD TYPE, SUPERIOR TO RABBIT METAL for boxing, for sale at THE CITIZEN office.

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county. In view of the peculiar circumstances attending the sad event of the death of Mr. Dana, and of the ignorance of the convict, Judge Porter was inclined to be somewhat lenient towards him, and sentenced him to be confined in the Territorial prison (Yuma county jail), at hard labor, for the term of 25 years and 3 months.
