

THE CITIZEN.

Price per Year, \$5; Six Months, \$3

TUCSON, ARIZONA

Saturday, - Dec. 2, 1871.

Victory Complete.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 23.

DEAR WASSON: The annexed glorious news for Arizona is just received. I congratulate you with all my heart:

SAN FRANCISCO Nov. 23.—To San Diego Union: General Schofield, Commander of Division of the Pacific, received from Washington last night full and explicit orders from the War Department, directing that the campaign against the Apaches in Arizona be resumed with all the forces available, and declaring that under no circumstances is the war again to be interrupted until the Apaches are subdued and brought upon reservations and compelled to remain there. The order will be promulgated immediately to General Crook, who will be instructed to immediately resume active operations in the field. The order is, in effect, a complete repudiation of the policy of Vincent Colyer. Private letters from Washington say that Colyer has overstepped his instructions in many particulars without a shadow of authority, and is considered responsible for the outrages and bloodshed that have followed his visit to Arizona.

The stage goes immediately and I have no time to write you further. Very truly,

DOUGLAS GUNN.

Another private dispatch to us of date San Diego 23d, says:

LATEST NEWS AND RELIABLE. Colyer is ousted. Held responsible for bloodshed since his peace farce. Been snubbed at Washington. Crook takes the field immediately and no let up till the Apaches are thoroughly subdued and can be placed and kept on reservations.

How high is that? Hurrah! Take a drink—take two, and charge to yours truly.

J. W. STRAUCTION.

GOVERNOR SAFFORD has been applied to for a stay of execution in the case of William Gertrude, convicted of murder and sentenced to be hung on the 29th instant in Yuma county; also in the case of the Indian Que-chua convicted and sentenced as was Gertrude. He declined to interfere in either. In Gertrude's case, a juror is now claimed not to have been a citizen when trying it, and in the Indian's, that the Territorial court had no jurisdiction because the criminal was in some manner under United States care. The Governor's position in the first case is that the court has power to grant the relief sought, and in the second, that the crime was committed against the laws and people of Arizona, and therefore was tried in a court of competent jurisdiction.

A SOUND letter on the Apache question, by Governor Safford, was published in the Alta California November 22. We will reproduce it when it comes to hand.

HON. R. C. MCCORMICK has been most active and effective in representing the true condition of Indian affairs in this Territory to the proper officers at Washington.

GENERAL CROOK and field staff are expected in Tucson soon, as per rumor.

Facts.

Not above three-fourths of Apache thefts and murders have ever been reported in print. The Apache outrages reported by the press of Arizona are sad realities. There is not an opponent of the Colyer policy in Arizona who wants the war to proceed against the hostile Indians one day beyond that which is necessary to bring them to a state of peace which can be trusted.

Any and all men who assert the contrary of these statements, are either ignorant or willful liars, and to some degree abettors of assassination and torture, to say nothing of theft.

The administration at Washington has in effect endorsed the foregoing assertions.

Burns the good old bugle, boys,
We'll sing another song;
We'll sing it with a chorus
That'll start the world along.

General Crook will soon cause the boys to produce the good old bugle, and all but the lovers of Indian thieves and assassins will join in the song, and if it don't start the world along, it will ere long give Arizona a cheerful start which will quite certainly lead on to safety and hence prosperity to the people. The news published in THE CITIZEN to-day is welcomed with joy and hope by every honest citizen of Arizona, and none will grieve save those who would gladly make money at the expense of good human lives and property. Every man who has an intelligent understanding of the pertinent facts, and who has any honest disposition to humanize and civilize the Apaches, will sing songs of gladness at the change which turns the management of the Indians from the heartless Colyerites to the just and humane Commanding General of this Department. The change is a signal triumph for honesty and humanity. A baser set of wretches never disgraced any people than the despised few who fail to rejoice at the late news.

As the dispatch says he is considered, Colyer (his supporters, too,) is responsible for the bloodshed which followed his visit to Arizona. Had he stayed away, or opened his eyes and ears to facts and acted accordingly when here, General Crook's operations would have continued, and without a reasonable doubt the late massacres would not have occurred. At Colyer's defeat, none but heartless scoundrels on earth and devils in hell will rejoice; all others will sing songs of earnest hope and honest joy.

THE pensioned and gangrened Stoneman joined the feeble forces of the hypocrite, and accessory before the fact to murder, Colyer in his war upon American citizens. This was unfortunate for old Colyer. Soon after Stoneman's letter was made public, Colyer was like his friend placed upon the retired list. The Los Angeles Cardiff giant ought to bear in mind his disastrous failure in trying to illegally get \$3,000 a year the balance of his days from the United States treasury. Each time Stoneman has slandered Arizona, the Administration has become more kind to this people. Stoneman, make a note on't.

THE New York Tribune has come out squarely for General Crook's policy of dealing with the Apaches. The Boston Indian songs will soon reach us set to different music, and the cause thereof we sincerely regret, but the change will be none the less welcome. The truth is mighty and will prevail.

THE reports from the mines near the Colorado, in Mohave county, continue to be very encouraging. Quantities of ore worked in San Francisco gave large returns.

GOVERNOR SAFFORD, on November 27, appointed Simon W. King a commissioner of Deeds to reside in Chicago, Illinois.

THE Diaz faction has revolted and had some small successes on the Rio Grande. So says the New Mexican.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—Greenbacks were buying at 90 and selling at 90 1/2.

Eastern Correspondence.

The Late Colonel Dobbin—Sensible Views on Lo—Experienced Observations. EDITOR (Pam.) November 7, 1871.—I much miss your pungent little sheet, which the late Colonel M. D. Dobbin did me the favor to subscribe for while a member of your late Legislature. I would continue it, but the interest I once felt in the prosperity of the Territory, has subsided in a measure since the death of Colonel Dobbin. He intended to make his permanent home there, and was alive to the best interests of the country, claiming that the completion of the Southern Pacific Railroad was best calculated to develop the resources of Arizona—that emigration and settlement were the best means to get rid of the prowling savages and create a stable community—all of which would follow upon the completion of the road, he was using his influence with railroad men of his acquaintance, to embark in the work; but his life was not spared, and his fond hopes went down to the grave with him. In minerals, Col. D. claimed that Arizona was richer than California; and he was a practical miner and a judge, as he had followed mining in the latter for five years with varied success.

In speaking of Indian hostilities, allow me to make a few remarks, having a practical knowledge of the Indian character myself. I have before me your letter of August 21, 1871, to Rev. Vincent Colyer, in which you make the truthful remark, viz: "The Indian respects nothing but superior force demonstrated." This is the whole truth in a nutshell, *multum in parvo*. Any man with a knowledge of the Indian character, knows full well the truth of this language, particularly when the Indian is disposed to be hostile. So long as he can defy you, he cares nothing for promises, and considers it a nice piece of strategy to deceive you. But when he is subdued and made to know you are his superior and master, he is disposed to be truthful and docile—not from love but fear.

Col. Dobbin wrote me that "these Apaches are the most warlike and treacherous savages on the continent—superb horsemen, well-armed and know full well how to use them. In the last 100 years they have forged upon the defenceless Mexican Rancheros, dashing down in force from their mountain retreats, and driving off all the horses and cattle they desire; and after the Territory was acquired by our government, there being but few emigrants disposed to brave their ferocity, they continued their depredations; and when the Rebellion broke out, matters were worse."

It is much to be regretted that after you have been cursed with a bad military commander, and have at last been blessed with a live soldier, whose headquarters is in the saddle, and not in Los Angeles, or elsewhere, that misguided philanthropy should be allowed officially to interfere. The only way to humble these hostile savages, is to destroy their homes and cut off their supplies, as well as defeat them in battle, and this can only be done by hunting them out of their strong holds. Thus, after they are subdued, humbled, and starving, then talk of reservations to them and they will be willing to go there and stay—not before.

The New York Observer.

Those who wish to take a religious paper, sound in its principles and fearless in the advocacy of the truth—which at the same time has a Department of Secular News, and expresses freely its views on public affairs, maintaining the right and denouncing corruption wherever it is found—will find it in The New York Observer. The Publishers announce that it will enter upon its Jubilee Year in 1872, and that the event will be signalized by the issue of a New Year-Book, an encyclopedia of information and statistics in regard to the Church, and civil and business affairs, such as can be gathered only from an extensive library. This will be sent free to every subscriber to the paper. Copies of The Observer and a Prospectus of The Year-Book sent free to every one who will apply. New Subscribers will receive the paper free until January 1st.

A VERY straight report from Camp Apache is to effect that the Colyer Apaches there got into a drunken row, which was only quelled by calling in the aid of the Indian troops organized out of Miguel's band by Captain Henry.

DEPARTMENT headquarters has kindly sent THE CITIZEN the Roster of Troops serving in the Department, issued November 1.

Mr. Brady's Letter.

We respectfully ask our friends in Congress, and all others in favor of fair dealing, to read with care this letter. It recites truth. It shows that the Pima Indians have no more right to complain against the Gila settlers above their reserve, than they have to whine and misrepresent the Creator and Ruler of the Universe. The Pima and Maricopa Indians raised and sold more grain the present year than ever before, and their numbers are not increasing. They now get far more goods and store supplies for the same quantity of grain, than before any settlers were above their reserve, and the fact that they now produce more grain than ever before, ought to convince every just man that they are benefited instead of injured by the settlements around them.

The McDowell officials who use their power in behalf of Apaches in preference to citizens, are hereby reminded that they have public records which are preserved. One of them made a bit of history in Texas which we may reproduce in a way that's peculiar. His public actions will provoke its appearance, if anything does.

LETTERS complimenting the course of THE CITIZEN on the Indian knaves, fools and tools, and the main question, are pouring in upon us from all parts of the Union. The writers all seem to think we have done something wonderful, when we have simply done right.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE OF PROPERTY.

LIEUTENANT GEO. M. WHEELER, chief of the well-known Exploring Expedition has arrived in Tucson, and will

SELL AT AUCTION

A VARIETY OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, Thursday, December 7, 1871,

AS PER POSTERS,

consisting of Forty-five Pack Mules, and complete rigging for them; also many other articles of regular use in the country. November 17, 1871. no18-1f

NOTICE.

THE OFFICE OF THE TERRITORIAL TREASURY, and that of Weights and Measures, has been removed to the east side of Meyers street, between Plaza and Convent streets.

JOHN R. ALLEN, Territorial Treasurer. de2-2t

IRON AND STEEL

WIRE ROPE, FLAT AND ROUND,

For hoisting from mining shafts and inclines, Ferry ropes, Guy ropes; for transmitting power, etc.

Manufactured of any length or size. Wire Rope is much cheaper, lighter and more durable than any other kind of rope.

Hallidie's Endless Wire Rope Way, (Wire Tramway). For the rapid and economical transportation of ores and other materials over mountainous and difficult roads. (Secured by U. S. Patent.) Also,

PATENT GRIP PULLEY.

For transmitting power and by which the rope is uninjured and cannot slip.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

Agency of the

PACIFIC

Wire and W. R. Manufacturing Co. (OF CALIFORNIA.)

All kinds and sizes of Wire, constantly on hand and manufactured to order.

A. S. HALLIDIE,

519 Front St., San Francisco, California. no25-3m

C. T. HAYDEN. N. G. FLOURNOY.

C. T. Hayden & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Every Variety

—OF—

MERCHANDISE.

MAIN STREET,

TUCSON, A. T.

no25-1f

FOUND.

A MEDIUM SIZED LEATHER VALISE, on the 23d instant, and left at THE CITIZEN office. There is no name upon it. The owner can have it by identifying it as his own and paying for its advertisement. no25-4f

NOTICE!

TO THE PUBLIC.

WE very respectfully announce to the Public, and especially

To Travelers,

—That we now have at—

CAMP BOWIE,

A complete stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

DRY-GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES, BOOTS & SHOES, BOOTS & SHOES,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

AND

MINERS' TOOLS.

which we offer at the lowest rates the such goods can be bought at in the Territory.

We would especially call the attention of Prospecting Parties and Emigrants, and the people of Railston City, that we will

SELL AT LOWER RATES

Than they can buy the same on the Rio Grande, or in Tucson, and save them the great cost of transportation from either of the above mentioned places.

Give us a call and you will be satisfied with both goods and prices. 21f TULLY, OCHOA & CO.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE First Judicial District, County of Pima, Territory of Arizona.

ANA CHARALCAN, plaintiff,

against

JESUS FIGUEROA,

PATRICIA GRANILLA DE FIGUEROA

and

CHARLES BARROWING, defendants.

The Territory of Arizona sends greeting

To Jesus Figueroa, Patricia Granilla de Figueroa and Charles Barrowing, defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required

to appear in an action brought against

you by Ana Charalcan, the plaintiff above

named, in the District Court of the First

Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona,

and to answer the complaint therein

filed with the Clerk of said court at Tucson,

in the county of Pima, within twenty

days (exclusive of the day of service) after

service of this summons upon you; if served

within this county; if served out of this

county, but in this district, thirty

days; in all other cases, forty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a

decree of court for the foreclosure of a

certain mortgage debt, and in the said

complaint and executed by the said Jesus

Figueroa and Patricia Granilla de Figueroa

on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1870,

to secure the payment of a certain promissory

note, dated on the 28th day of November,

A. D. 1870, made by the said defendant

Jesus Figueroa for the sum of two thousand

seven hundred and twelve 58-100

(\$2,712 58) dollars, in gold coin of the

United States, or its equivalent in United

States currency, payable on the 1st day of

August, 1871, to the order of Ana Charalcan,

the said plaintiff, with legal interest thereon.

That the premises conveyed thereby may

be sold and the proceeds applied to the

payment of the sum found to be due on

said note, with interest thereon; also, for

the costs, expenses and disbursements of

said suit, and in case such proceeds are

not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain

an execution against the said defendant

Jesus Figueroa for the balance remaining due, and for other and further relief.

If you fail to appear and answer the said

complaint, as herein required, the plaintiff

will take default against you, and apply to

the court for the relief demanded in said

complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, this 9th day of October, A. D. 1871.

O. BUCKALEW, Clerk.

District Court, First Judicial District, oc14-9w Arizona Territory.

Notice.

THE COLORADO STEAM NAVIGATION Company's

Steamship Newbern

Leaves San Francisco for mouth of Colorado river on first of every month, connecting with river boats. Freight landed at Yuma in twelve (12) days from San Francisco. Agencies of the Company 610 Front street, San Francisco, California; Yuma and Ehrenburg, A. T.

J. FOLLIAMUS, Jr., General Superintendent.

no25-1y

GOVERNOR SAFFORD has been applied to for a stay of execution in the case of William Gertrude, convicted of murder and sentenced to be hung on the 29th instant in Yuma county ; also in the case of the Indian Que-cha-ca convicted and sentenced as was Gertrude. He declined to interfere in either. In Gertrude's case, a juror is now claimed not to have been a citizen when trying it, and in the Indian's, that the Territorial court had no jurisdiction because the criminal was in some manner under United States care. The Governor's position in the first case is that the court has power to grant the relief sought, and in the second, that the crime was committed against the laws and people of Arizona, and therefore was tried in a court of competent jurisdiction.